

Example Candidate Responses Paper 2

Cambridge International AS & A Level Media Studies 9607

For examination from 2018



Introduction

The main aim of this booklet is to exemplify standards for those teaching Cambridge International AS & A Level Media Studies (9607), and to show how different levels of candidates' performance (high, middle and low) relate to the subject's curriculum and assessment objectives.

In this booklet candidate responses are derived from scripts of candidates from June 2017 to exemplify a range of answers.

For each question, the response is annotated with clear explanation of where and why marks were awarded or omitted. This is followed by examiner comments on how the answer could have been improved. In this way, it is possible for you to understand what candidates have done to gain their marks and what they could do to improve their answers. At the end of the booklet, there is a list of common mistakes candidates made in their answers for each question.

This document provides illustrative examples of candidate work with examiner commentary. These help teachers to assess the standard required to achieve marks beyond the guidance of the mark scheme. Therefore, in some circumstances, such as where exact answers are required, there will not be much comment.

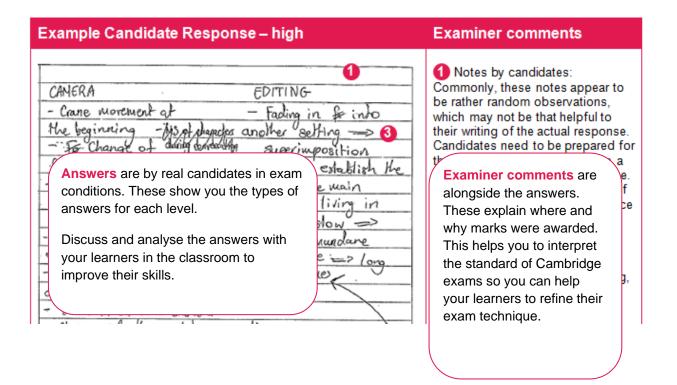
The questions and mark schemes used here are available to download from the School Support Hub. These files are:

June 2017 Question Paper 21 June 2017 Paper 21 Mark Scheme

Past exam resources and other teacher support materials are available on the School Support Hub <u>www.cambridgeinternational.org/support</u>

How to use this booklet

This booklet goes through the paper one question at a time, showing you the high-, middle- and low-level response for each question. The candidate answers are set in a table. In the left-hand column are the candidate answers, and in the right-hand column are the examiner comments.



How the candidate could have improved the answer

The candidate could have balanced up their res especially to note its comic tone and to consider reflects the range of textual analysis from the ex

This section explains how the candidate could have improved each answer. This helps you to interpret the standard of Cambridge exams and helps your learners to refine their exam technique.

Common mistakes candidates made in this question

Candidates commonly described what happens in the s the technical codes of camerawork, editing, sound and

Often candidates were not awarded marks because they misread or misinterpret the questions.

Lists the common mistakes candidates made in answering each question. This will help your learners to avoid these mistakes and give them the best chance of achieving the available marks.

Question 1

Example Candidate Response – high

CAMERA	EDITING	
- Crane morement at	- Fading in fr into	
- Crane Morement at the beginning - 145 of character - For Change of during convoca	es another setting ->	
- For Change of during deriver	My superimposition	
FOCUS IN FIRST SELFINE	-> Helps' establish the	
- High angle and slight	Setting the main	
tiltas he comes down	Character is living in	
- High angle and slight till tas he comes down the stairs 2	- Pace is slow =>	
- Coom in onto the	reflects on mundare 3	
washing machine	atmosphere => long	
- Sit Shot-reverse shot	an string take	
during wife - husband talk	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
- 200m in on main character		
- close ups further on into cons		
SOUND 4	NISE-EN - SCENE	
- clattering of the	- low lighting /	
washing wachine simultancoo	by tones of grey 5	
with wife's speech	and blue of the setting	
- Chattering of people of in	- slight light highlights	
the office and phone rings simultaneously with	on the face	
simultaneously with	- Characters have dull	
the main characters sprech	colored clothing=7 month	
- Washing machine	para para la	
anphasises the silence	- furniture is I nightighted	
- Wife's speech is dominate	high jated	
by washing wachine during main character's thinking	· - 242 6	
= period	a god to long and united	
- Non-digetic sound => dialogue and background noises		
- Diegetic sample => the background coundbrack nusic		
0.000 1040		

Examiner comments

1 Notes by candidates: Commonly, these notes appear to be rather random observations, which may not be that helpful to their writing of the actual response. Candidates need to be prepared for the exam so that they can make a good use of their note making time. A good strategy is to have a set of features to look for in any sequence from each of the technical areas.

Pror camera, candidates might prepare to look for examples of camera movement, angle, framing, etc. This candidate picks out a range of such examples.

³For editing, a candidate might approach the note making looking out for examples of the 180 degree rule, short/reverse shot, etc.

4 There are some good notes here on sound which is particularly interesting in this sequence: music, speech, sound effects, etc.

5 Good range of mise-en-sense observed in the note making.

⁶ These notes illustrate that the candidate is observant and is picking out elements of significance.

7 Notes are not marked but comments are included here to help teachers to consider the purpose of notes for candidates and help them to prepare better.

Example Candidate Response – high, continued	Examiner comments
CANERA (additional motes) - Nedium shot of characters has they further get into the conversation - Long start Extreme long shots of the setting - Low angle onto character as the dents leave This segment from series 1 and episode 1 from Fargo illustrates the mundane realism of the main character's surroundings and consequently his role in its structure. The insert commerces with a come long shot of 3 a laundry room that quickles quickly the charger The insert commerces with a long shot setting of a laundry room which paintings to a charger The insert commences with a long shot setting of a laundry room which paintings to a charger The insert commences with a long shot setting of a laundry room which painting to a charger The addience is introduced to the meter floor. The addience is introduced to the mate character by the ope fue daracters. The main character however is poignantly pointed out in the bolinning by loging at the daring table by begi being, alone at the dining table	⁸ The candidate starts the response and then restarts. In preparing for the exam, it is worth considering how to make an economic effective start so that candidates don't have to worry too much about this.

Example Candidate Response – high, continued Examiner comments This segment first episode of Fargo illustrates the 9 This is a good introduction which realism surroundings the of the main character's Mundane sums up the sequence. The phrase consequently his role in its Structure 'mundane realism' is particularly and effective. The audience introduced with gloony an undry room with low tighting settin Ø transitions ong shot second The audience is introduced with a gloomy and 10 Good description. Selfina focus with the being 10 laundr a room being washing machine. Despite light the 1000 setting with allention in audience's drawn to the Machine appearance 11 Good points on lighting and shaky subtle highlight and 3 em sound. Movement dattering the noise ił and omdure This long sho to hansition slowh A wed 12 Good points on editing. table where the δh dining room ۵. inhoduced 13 ю two characters The. land noise machine plays camoflagued ol a, but present He role in to emphasise scene First the 詽 blea sterile and 801 environmen with puttern Monobonous sound washing machine Ыr Spage The the first scene yet mise - en - scene depicts of 13 Very good range of examples of the dark again amosphere expressed mise-en-scene, well explained. dothing of the non-vibrant and the laundry in nom shot consists howere highligh ahha arc places faces enna 100 OThe hasize notion Heir profancio both Stener matel tone ano ward

Example Candidate Response – high, continued	Examiner comments
of color suggests that there is no innoration or particular happenings in this surrounding and that everything goes on an on-going routine. 13 The audience is into the main character is polycounty ithustrated at the beginning 15	 14 This brings home the point from the opening paragraph, making the first page very effective. 15 The candidate is attempting to integrate the four technical elements and to extract meaning as she progresses.
The main character is made clear to the audience by the fact that in the beginning of the second of the diving room scene is alone at the table with his wife's voice is the background and showing only segments of her back, ther introduction into the shot is depicted by the sharp sound of her plate being placed firmly against the table. However, this slight tringer is the Despite this abrupt worement through the insert the pace of is slow with predominantly long takes taking a large part of the characters in the first scene go from a long mediume long shot	Again this paragraph is a very good mixture of each of the technical codes.
to a redum shot as they commence their conversation. The In & terms of camera morement the conversation thas supplemented by a shot - 17 reverse shot to engage. The audience into the characters conversation. Frequent close ups towards the end of the conversation indicate a further intimacy the audience has with the character to analyze its get a further in deeper insight into its emotions expressed by its facial expressions.	17 More good use of accurate terminology and as the paragraph progresses, a good articulate of meaning and discussion of how the audience is drawn in.

Example Candidate Response – high, continued	Examiner comments
As the scene progresses the audience comes to realize the character's miglacement into his society. This can be seen by his disregard for his wife's conversation on frequent accasion. The notion that when the main character leaves the table and the focus is placed on its surroundings seen to divinable around when in aswers work terms the focus is placed on him with a subthe bight bightight on his face. In regards to sound his wife's speech is simultaneous with the noise of the warking buachine in the 18 basement. However, one time her speech seems to be muffled by the washing machine and appear insignificant. It and the said that the main character the is somewhave and insignificant that his attention is guiltly altered it could be said thus that his wife's speech is a direct comparison to the washing machine her speech geens to be muffled by the washing machine for the fight addition. The impact of the diegetic sound of the audience there the machine and the seen by its unite's pream and the seen by its unite's preamand on the impact of the diegetic sound of the comparison with their appearance. The high angle shot upon the wardine with the point of when in some there have all the point of when the here the wardine with the point of the comparison with their appearance. The high angle shot upon the machine with the point of when from the behalt of the main character's thoughts.	13 This key moment in the sequence is well explained and the meaning of it articulated well. 19 This key moment could be pushed further.

Example Candidate Response – high, continued	Examiner comments
The following extreme long shots of his scenery with tones of blue and grey insinuate a rigid and cold almosphere. Furthermore, these colors are placed in the office scene to additionally 20 illustrate the character's canoflague into his surrounding. The fast superimposition of the establishing shots helps to thus establish the characters' setting and steadily introduce the new scene with the link being the colors of the image remaining.	20 This is a good paragraph on the wider establishing function of this scene.
In the office scene, much like the dining room scene the main character's speech 21 is slightly covered up by the background noise in the office. Therefore it could be soid that his importance both at home and at work is insignificant because nobody pays attention to him. At The dull and emotionless expressions of the clients and the non-vivid way drobe of all the characters get again emphasizes the mundareness of the surrounding.	21 Draws some parallels with the opening scene, but no discussion of the interaction with the couple, which is very important to the overall tone of the extract.
The only form of most degetic non-diegetic sound is the soundtrack in the background 22	22 Good mention of music.
that aids to emphasizes the appearance of the set outdoor settings. Its slow tempo and lack of up-beatness suggests a gloomy and mundance appearance of the shots.	23 This paragraph is a good conclusion.
All in all all factors of sound camera 23 an mire-en-scene and editing aided to create a mundare atmosphere. The recommence of the warhing machine can be seen as a symbol an attraction to the audience and a symbol to the main characters monotonow ye and on-going rowline much like the etructure of a wathing machine the gever-lasting circular motions the machine produces. 24	Overall, this is a very strong response, but the absence of discussion of the conversation with the couple in the office, which offers rich opportunity for further parallels and to note the comic tone of much of the extract too. Discussion of this would take it well into Level 5. Total mark awarded = 39 out of 50

How the candidate could have improved the answer

The candidate could have balanced up their response more by saying more about the scene in the office, especially to note its comic tone and to consider the parallels with the first scene in the house. The mark reflects the range of textual analysis from the extract, which places it at the top of Level 4.